

# YOUR ILLINOIS HOME

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## The Consumer's Guide to Real Estate Agency in Illinois

### Understanding Agency Relationships in Real Estate Transactions

This information is being provided in accordance with the Illinois Real Estate License Act of 2000 (the Act) to help you be more informed in the buying, selling or leasing of real estate. In whatever manner you choose to be represented, the goal is generally the same. The real estate licensee is trying to assist you in the sale, purchase or lease of real estate on the terms acceptable to all parties. For additional information, contact the Illinois [Ill. Dept. of Financial and Professional Regulation](#).

#### Agency

A legal framework that allows a person to act through a representative. Common examples include

- An attorney representing you in a business transaction
- A stock broker buying and selling investments on your behalf
- A real estate broker assisting you in buying, selling or leasing real estate

Under the Act, your real estate agent will owe you certain statutory duties that are similar to fiduciary agency duties.

#### Designated Agency in Illinois Real Estate Transactions

An arrangement where one or more agents from a real estate brokerage company are appointed as your legal/designated agent.

- You will be presumed to be represented by the real estate agent you are working with unless you have a written agreement otherwise
- Other associates in the brokerage firm may be designated agents for other buyers or sellers and may be the legal agent of the opposite party in your transaction
- Even though your brokerage agreement will be with the real estate brokerage company, you will have a designated agent(s) to act on your behalf

#### Designated Agency Duties under the Act

Perform according to the terms of your agency agreement. Promote your best interests as follows:

- Seeking a transaction that meets the terms of your agency agreement or that is otherwise acceptable to you
- Presenting all offers to you and from you unless you direct your agent otherwise
- Disclosing material facts about the transaction that the agent actually knows about and the information is not confidential to someone else

NOTE: Material facts will typically not include information related to property that is not the subject of the transaction, that is a fact situation not related to the subject property or occurrences related to the subject property

- Accounting for all money/property received from you or for your benefit
- Obeying your lawful instructions
- Promoting your best interests above the agent's or someone else's best interests
- Exercise reasonable skill and care in performing brokerage services
- Keeping your confidential information confidential
- Complying with the Act and other laws that might apply i.e. fair housing and civil rights statutes

### Exclusive Brokerage Agreements

Sometimes, your agent will ask you to sign an exclusive brokerage agreement

This means that you are agreeing to work only with the real estate brokerage company and designated agent(s) named in the agreement to the exclusion of other real estate firms and agents

If you are the seller, the contract will likely be called an Exclusive Right to Sell or an Exclusive Agency Agreement

If you are the buyer, the contract will likely be called an Exclusive Right to Acquire, Exclusive Right to Purchase or Exclusive Buyer Agency Agreement

Under an exclusive brokerage agreement, the designated agent (s) is required by the Act to provide certain minimum services. These services generally include:

- Accepting and presenting offers and counter-offers
- Assisting you in the preparation of offers, counter-offers etc., and
- Answering your questions related to negotiations in a real estate transaction

## Not Violations of Agency Duties

- Showing the same or similar properties to more than one interested buyer or tenant client
- Being compensated a higher fee if the purchase/lease price is higher
- Providing false information to you if the false information was given to the agent by a customer and the agent did not know the information was false

## Required Agency Disclosure under the Act

No later than entering a brokerage agreement (can be a verbal agreement), you must be advised of the following from the brokerage company

- That a designated agency relationship exists
- The name of your designated agent(s) in writing
- What the brokerage company will be paid and the company's policy regarding payment of other brokerage companies that might be involved in your transaction

## Disclosed Dual Agency

Sometimes a designated agent can represent both you and the opposite party in the transaction. Before doing so, the agent must have the informed written consent of the parties

- If your designated agent might act as a dual agent, he/she should talk to you about the potential for dual agency and give you a disclosure form entitled Disclosure and Consent to Dual Agency for your review
  - You will see that the agent's role becomes limited when you have dual agency
  - You are under no obligation to consent to disclosed dual agency
- If you do consent, you must sign the disclosure form before the agent acts as a disclosed dual agent
  - Sometimes, this language will be included in your written brokerage agreement
- You will be asked to sign a confirmation of your consent to dual agency no later than when you sign a purchase or lease contract

## Treatment of Customers as Opposed to Clients

Sometimes someone on the opposite side of your transaction will not be represented by a real estate agent, in which case your agent will give that party a notice that tells that person the agent represents you only.

- This notice might be called a Notice of No Agency Relationship
- It will allow the agent to do certain clerical or ministerial acts for that party for your benefit
- Some examples of ministerial acts might include
  - Talking to an inquiring consumer about availability and pricing of brokerage services
  - Responding to phone calls from a consumer about price or location of a property
  - Setting an appointment to view a property
  - Completing business or factual information on a contract for the consumer but on your behalf

If you are a customer and not a client, you should receive a Notice of No Agency Relationship.

- You should not disclose anything to the agent who is treating you as a customer that would be confidential to you, i.e. anything that might hinder your bargaining position, or anything you would not want the opposing party to know